

## Half Yearly Examination 2016-2017

Std. : IX  
Subject : ECO APPLICATION

Full Marks :  
Time : 2 Hrs.

### SECTION - A

(All questions are compulsory in the section) [2x20]

1. (i) Define private sector.  
(ii) Give any 2 difference between primary and secondary sector.  
(iii) Classify the sub sectors of the tertiary sector.  
(iv) Process of globalisation has generated some negative impacts in India. Explain any 2 (two) negative impacts.  
(v) State 2 (two) ways by which consumers can prevent food adulteration.
2. (i) Define market.  
(ii) Distinguish between internal and international trade.  
(iii) Give 2 (two) important roles played by the transport sector in India.  
(iv) Write short note on HUDCO.  
(v) List any 2 (two) change in the industrial scenario of India since 1951.
3. (i) Define liberalisation.  
(ii) Distinguish between economic and non-economic goods.  
(iii) List any 2 (two) activities included in
  - a) primary sector
  - b) secondary sector.  
(iv) Write short note on NPEGL.  
(v) Explain any 2 (two) common ways by which consumers are exploited.
4. (i) Define privatisation.  
(ii) Distinguish between material and non-material goods.  
(iii) What is consumer awareness ?  
(iv) Write short note on SSA.  
(v) List any 2 (two) measures taken by the government to develop agriculture in India.

### SECTION - B

(Attempt any 4 question in this section) [4x15]

5. (a) (i) What is WTO ? State its objective. [2+1]  
(ii) List any 4 (four) important functions of WTO. [4]

- (b) With reference to educational infrastructure of India explain the progress made since 1951 in the following fields. [8]
- (i) secondary education
  - (ii) Higher education
- 6.** (a) (i) Define public sector. [2]
- (ii) Explain any 3 (three) important role of public sector is developing Indian economy. [6]
- (b) "India is a mixed economy." Give arguments to support the statements. [7]
- 7.** (a) Define Globalisation. Explain the factors which led to globalisation of Indian economy with reference to [1]
- (i) weakness of pre 1991 policies. [3]
  - (ii) major foreign exchange crises. [3]
- (b) (i) Define Money. [2]
- (ii) Explain any 3 (three) important functions of money. [6]
- 8.** (a) Consumers Protection Act, 1986 has granted certain rights to a consumer.
- (i) List the important rights of a consumer. [2]
  - (ii) Explain any 3 (three) important rights is detail. [6]
- (b) (i) What do you understand by social infrastructure ? What are its components ? [3]
- (ii) What are the main achievement of health infrastructure in India. [4]
- 9.** (a) (i) What is industrialisation ? [2]
- (ii) Discuss any 3 (three) important role of industries in developing Indian economy. [6]
- (b) (i) Give an account of housing situation in India. [3]
- (ii) List any 2 (two) important measures taken by the government for solving housing problem in India. [4]
- 10.** (a) (i) State the three policy measures of the new economic policy. [1]
- (ii) Explain any 3 (three) positive effects of globalisation policy on the Indian Economy. [6]
- (b) (i) Explain any 4 (four) important features of rural sector of the Indian economy. [4]
- (ii) Give differences between rural and urban sector of the Indian economy. [4]
- 11.** (a) (i) List the structural changes that have occurred in Indian economy since 1951 that shows it is on the move. [3]
- (ii) Explain any 2 (two) structural changes in detail. [4]
- (b) Agricultural progress is a pre-requisite for growth of Indian economy.
- (i) Explain any 3 (three) importance of agriculture in Indian economy. [6]
  - (ii) List any 4 (four) major problems of agricultural development.