

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately. You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the question paper. The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part – I (compulsory) — A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part– II, two out of three from Section A and three out of five question from Section B. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [ ].

### PART I

(Attempt all questions from this part)

#### Question I

Choose the correct option:

[16]

- i) Chandragupta Maurya establish A vast Empire overthrowing
- a) Guptas and chalukyas                      b) Nandas and Greek Satraps
- c) Rashtrakutas and Nandas                d) Greek Satraps and Guptas
- ii) On the basis of which plan was the constituent assembly constituted?
- a) Cabinet mission plan                      b) Mountbatten plan
- c) Cripps mission                                d) None of the above
- iii) Which of the following is the part of definition of a constitution?
- a) A comprehensive document
- b) A set of rules of governance.
- c) Position and power of the states.
- d) All of the above.
- iv) Fundamental duties: Part VI:: \_\_\_\_\_ : Part III
- a) Universal adult franchise                b) fundamental rights
- c) Single citizenship                          d) constitutional remedies
- v) Which of the following is in correctly matched?
- a) Mandamus: we order                      b) Quo- Warranto: to be informed
- c) Habeas Corpus: to have the body d) Writ of Certiorari: information of what is going on
- vi) Bearded man, found in Mohenjo Daro is a statue of a meditative man wearing.
- a) An amulet                                      b) A shawl
- c) A bangle                                         d) An elaborate headdress.
- vii) 'The Dancing Girl' has which of the following feature?

## Question2

[14]

- a) Why are the fundamental rights incorporated in a constitution?
- b) Mention any two probable reasons for the decline of the Harappan civilization.
- c) What was the duty of the Rajan?
- d) What are the four sights?
- e) What was the function of Dhamma mahamatras?
- f) Mention one reason to show the importance of Sangam literature
- g) Mention any two features of the Ashokan pillars.

## PARTII

### Section A

(Answer any two questions from this section)

#### Question3

With reference to the 'Fundamental Duties', answer the following question.

- a) Mention the main features of the fundamental duties. [3]
- b) Discuss any six fundamental duties [3]
- c) Evaluate the fundamental duties. [4]

#### Question4

With reference to basic features of the constitution answer the following questions.

- a) How has the constitution safe guarded the interest of minorities? [3]
- b) Mention any two steps taken by the government to establish economic equality. [3]
- c) Explain how a constitution has federal characteristics. [4]

#### Question5

Describe the right to equality with regards to ~~step~~

- a) Equality before law [3]
- b) Prohibition against discrimination. [3]
- c) Equality of opportunity. [4]

## SECTIONB

(Answer any three questions from this section)

#### Question6

The Mauryan Empire was a pan Indian empire. In this context explain:

- a) Stones sculpture  
b) Heavily banged left arm  
c) Half closed eyes  
d) Seated cross legged
- viii) Which of the following does not refer to Lord Indra?  
a) Purandara  
b) Varuna  
c) Jitendra  
d) Rain God
- ix) Family, the fundamental unit of society was patriarchal and was headed by  
a) Vishapati  
b) Purohita  
c) Grihapati  
d) Gramini
- x) Which of the following means three baskets of Buddhist canon?  
a) Jataka  
b) Tripitikas.  
c) Angas  
d) Dwadashangi
- xi) According to Mahavira what is the ultimate goal of man?  
a) Moksha  
b) Karma  
c) Atma  
d) Satya
- xii) Which of the following is incorrect?  
a) Arthashastra:Kautilya  
b) Indika:Seleucus  
c) Indika :Megasthenes  
d) Arthashastra:Vishnugupta
- xiii) King Ashoka left the policy of Digvijay because of  
a) Defeat in many wars  
b) The death destruction and bloodshed of Kalinga war  
c) His poor health  
d) Short of wealth
- xiv) One of the most important literary work of the Sangam age in Tamil is  
a) Aram  
b) Tirukkural  
c) Porul  
d) Inban
- xv) The Greek ambassador at the court of Chandragupta Maurya who wrote the book Indika was  
a) Vishnu Gupta  
b) megasthenes  
c) Ajatashatru  
d) Vishakha Dutta
- xvi) The fundamental right which has been deleted from the list of fundamental rights is  
a) Right to freedom  
b) Right to equality  
c) Right to property  
d) Right against exploitatio

- a) Central administration under Mauryas [3]
- b) Justice under the Mauryas. [3]
- c) Provincial administration under Mauryas [4]

**Question7**

With reference to the principal of Buddhism explain.

- a) Karma [3]
- b) Ahimsa [3]
- c) Four noble truth [2]
- d) Existence of god. [2]

**Question8**

With reference to the picture given above answer the following:



- a) Identify this ancient Education system. Persons belonging to which Ashrama of life attended this? [3]
- b) Describe briefly the life in this Ancient Education institution. [3]
- c) What do you think are the advantages of studying in this educational setup? [4]

**Question9**

The Harappan civilization was an urban phenomenon. In this connection discuss.

- a) The grid plan of Mohenjo Daro and Harappa. [3]
- b) The drainage system [3]
- c) Dwelling houses [4]

**Question10**

With reference to Sangam Age, answer the following questions.

- a) Name the three kingdoms along with their capital that existed during the Sangam Age. [3]
- b) Discuss the political setup of the ruler of the Sangam period. [3]
- c) Discuss the growth and development of Tamil literature. [4]