
Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately. You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the question paper. The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions Part-I (compulsory)- two out of three questions from Part-II, Section A and three out of four questions from Section B. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I**(Attempt all questions from this part)****Question 1****[10]****Choose the correct answer:**

- i) Which Governor- General of India made English the medium of instruction?
- (a) Dalhousie (b) William Bentinck
(c) Macaulay (d) Thomas Munro
- ii) The East India Company passed the General Service Enlistment Act in _____.
- (a) 1851 (b) 1855
(c) 1853 (d) 1856
- iii) The Theosophical Society was founded in _____ century.
- (a) Japan (b) the United state
(c) Korea (d) Russia
- iv) The revolt was started by Sepoys in _____ .
- (a) Meerut (b) Lucknow
(c) Delhi (d) Kanpur
- v) _____ was given the title of 'Mahatma' for his work for uplift of the oppressed classes.
- (a) Jyotiba Phule (b) Dayanand Saraswati

(c) Annie Besant

(d) Narayan Guru

vi) WHO stands for _____ .

(a) World Health Organ

(b) World Health Organisation

(c) World Hurry Organisation

(d) World Holistic Organisation

vii) The first Lok Adalat was organised at _____ .

(a) Nasik

(b) Junagarh

(c) Allahabad

(d) Bhopal

viii) Original jurisdiction means the authority to hear cases for the _____ .

(a) fourth time

(b) third time

(c) second time

(d) first time

ix) The UN Flag represents two bent olive branches open at the top over a _____ background.

(a) green

(b) blue

(c) yellow

(d) red

x) _____ helps in exchange of currencies.

(a) WHO

(b) ILO

(c) IMF

(d) UNICEF

Question 2

[5]

(a) Fill in the blanks:

(i) _____ tries to educate millions of people.

(ii) The _____ is the highest court of appeal in India.

(iii) The Quit India Movement took place in the year _____ .

(iv) The British Shaken the _____ economy.

(v) Swami Dayanand's slogan was _____ .

(b) Write True or False:

(i) Swami Vivekanand attended the Parliament of Religions held at New York in 1880.

(ii) Unification of India as one political unit was achieved by Indians themselves.

(iii) The English took great interest in Indian culture and promoted

[5]

- (iv) WHO was established in 1958.
- (v) Lok Adalat means the People's Court.

Question 3

[10]

Answer in brief:

- (i) Name the chief organs of the UNO.
- (ii) Who appoints the judges of the Supreme Court.
- (iii) What are criminal cases?
- (iv) When did the Civil Disobedience Movement start?
- (v) Name one early All-India association .
- (vi) Who was the first President of the congress?
- (vii) When was the partition of Bengal announced?
- (viii) Who was the founder of the Arya Samaj ?
- (ix) Which ruler did not join the revolt and supported the British?
- (x) Which British military officer ordered his troops to fire in Jallianwala Bagh?

PART II

Section A -Civics (20 Marks)

(Attempt any two questions from this Section.)

Question 4

With reference to the United Nations , explain the following :

- (i) Why and when was the UNO formed? [3]
- (ii) Name the official languages of the UNO. [3]
- (iii) What are the objectives and principles of the UNO. [4]

Question 5

With reference to the Judiciary system of India , explain the following:

- (i) Why is the Judiciary important? [3]

(ii) Mention the significance of Lok Adalat.

[3]

(iii) Who appoints the judges of the Supreme Court? What are the qualifications of a Supreme Court judge?

[4]

Question 6

With reference to the High Court , explain the following:

(i) Describe the powers and functions of the High Court of India.

[3]

(ii) Distinguish between civil and criminal cases.

[3]

(iii) Explain various types of writs. When are they issued?

[4]

Section B -History (30 Marks)

(Attempt any three questions from this Section).

Question 7

Picture study:



(i) Identify and name them. Name the group they belong

[3]

(ii) Write about the methods which they suggested

[4]

(iii) What was anti-partition movement?

[3]

Question 8

With reference to the Struggle for Freedom of India, answer the following

(i) How and when did the Civil Disobedience Movement start?

[2]

(ii) Discuss the contribution of INA in the freedom struggle

[4]

(iii) Write a short note on Non-cooperation Movement.

[4]

Question 9

With reference to the Great Uprising of 1857, answer the following:

(i) Discuss the nature of the Uprising of 1857.

[3]

(ii) Discuss the social and religious causes responsible for the Revolt of 1857?

[4]

(iii) Why do you think the Revolt of 1857 failed? Discuss any four causes for its failure.

[4]

Question 10

With reference to the Socio-Religious Reform, answer the following:

(i) What are the main teachings of the Arya Samaj? How did they help in the spread of education in India?

[3]

(ii) How did Swami Vivekananda spread the ideas of his Guru Ramakrishna? What was his religious philosophy?

[3]

(iii) What were the social and educational reforms started by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan?

[4]

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