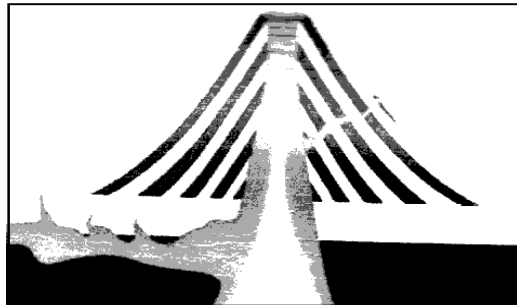


IX. Answer the following questions : (Do not copy (4x3=12) the questions)

- Q1. Write any three importance of mountain.
Q2. What is a river? Name the longest river in the world.
Q3. Write any three causes of water pollution.
Q4. What is an island? Name the two groups of islands India has.

X. With the help of a neat sketch briefly explain the formation of fold mountains. (4)

XI. Picture study : (Write only answers) (6)



1. Name the type of mountain shown in the picture.
2. Name any two things that come out through the openings of such mountains.
3. What is the funnel shaped depression at the top called?
4. Give two examples of this type of mountain.

XII. Mark and label the following features in the map. (10)
(Use appropriate colours)

River Amazon, Indian Ocean, Arctic Ocean,
Tibet Plateau, Canadian Shield, Atlas Mountain,
Africa, Australia, Equator, Tropic of Cancer.

Quarterly Examination - 2018-19

GEOGRAPHY

Class : VI

Time : 2 Hrs. 15 mints

Full Marks : 80

- I. Fill in the blanks : (Write only answers) (5)
1. _____ are very large land masses that are surrounded by vast water bodies.
 2. _____ are also called plains in the air or tablelands.
 3. _____ are small bodies of water which are surrounded by land on all sides.
 4. The _____ is the largest ocean.
 5. A sea is a part of an _____ that is smaller and shallower.
- II. Chose the correct answer : (Write only answers) (10)
1. About _____ percent of the earth's surface is covered by oceans.
a. 79 b. 71 c. 74
 2. _____ is the deepest part of the earth's crust
a. Mariana Trench b. Ridges c. Gulf of Mexico
 3. Large lakes are also called _____
a. strait b. inland seas c. bay
 4. A _____ is a piece of land that is surrounded by water on three sides.
a. lake b. island c. peninsula
 5. _____ is sometimes called the 'Land Down'
a. Europe b. Antarctica c. Australia

6. _____ are great storehouses of oil and mineral resources
- a. Oceans b. Rivers c. Lakes
7. _____ are granaries of the world
- a. Basins b. Valleys c. Plains
8. The _____ ocean is shaped like the letter S
- a. Atlantic b. Arctic c. Indian
9. The route or course of a _____ has three different stages - upper, middle, lower.
- a. gulf b. sea c. river
10. The river valleys and plains provide _____ soil.
- a. fertile b. infertile c. sandy

III. Answer in one or two words : (write only answers) (5)

- Rupturing or fracturing of rock strata due to strain –
- This continent contains 90 percent of the world's ice –
- This ocean is roughly triangular in shape –
- Salt water lake in the state of Odisha –
- A plateau surrounded by mountains on all sides is called –

IV. Correct and rewrite the statements : (5)

- Africa occupies one third of the land area of our planet.
- Continents are the secondary divisions of land.

- River Yamuna has its source in the Himalayas and flows through India and Bangladesh.
- The place where a river ends is called its source.
- Low lying lands between hills or mountains are called plains.

V. Match the following and rewrite as pairs : (5)

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1. Water pollution | a) a high pointed area near the top of a mountain |
| 2. Ridge | b) mountain ranges around the Pacific Ocean |
| 3. Ring of fire | c) Covers 29% of the surface area of the earth |
| 4. Mid Atlantic Range | d) causes diseases such as typhoid, cholera, etc. |
| 5. Land | e) under water mountain range in Atlantic Oceans |

VI. Define : (2x2=4)

- Erosion
- Water pollution

VII. Differentiate between (2x2=4)

- Old fold mountains and New fold mountains
- Tectonic plateau and Volcanic plateau

VIII. Give reasons : (Do not copy the questions) (5x2=10)

- "Plateaus are of great economic value." Why?
- Why is India referred to as a subcontinent?
- Why do people prefer living near the river?
- Why is oil spill harmful for the environment?
- Life in mountains is more difficult than life in plains. Why?

