

Half Yearly Examination 2018-2019

Physics

Class : VI

Time :

Full Marks : 80

SECTION A

Q1. Fill in the blanks : [15]

- (a) Living and non-living things are made up of_____.
- (b) On heating solid, liquid and gas, only_____shows no change in state.
- (c) _____is the distance from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger.
- (d) The SI unit of electric current is_____and time is_____.
- (e) A unit to measure the size of electrons, protons, atoms and molecules is_____.
- (f) Two instruments to measure small lengths are _____ and _____.
- (g) $1 \text{ ft}^2 = \text{_____ m}^2$.
- (h) A beam balance is said to be true if its_____remains horizontal and its_____vertical when its pans are empty, or, equal weights are placed on them.
- (i) The Kelvin scale is a theoretical scale and its value can be obtained by adding_____to the Celsius scale.
- (j) Two examples of contact forces are_____ and _____.

{Turn Over}

- (k) _____ was the French scientist who discovered electricity. The unit of charge was named in his honour.

Q2. Answer the following questions [18]

- (a) State four effects of force. [4]
- (b) State differences between solid, liquid and gas on the basis of — [6]
- (i) Volume
- (ii) Flow
- (c) State two differences between Laboratory thermometer and clinical thermometer. [4]
- (d) Define : Friction. State two properties of frictional force. [2+2]

Q3. Match the following. [Write the answers in pairs]. [7]

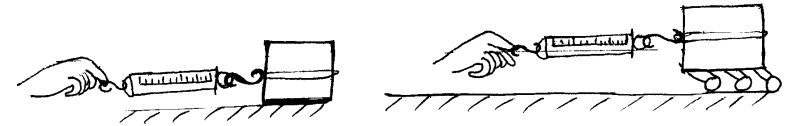
- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| (a) Water to Ice | (i) gas |
| (b) Circle | (ii) Units |
| (c) Fish and birds | (iii) repel |
| (d) Like poles | (iv) $\pi \times \text{radius} \times \text{radius}$ |
| (e) Smoke | (v) Cooling |
| (f) Static Friction | (vi) Streamlined bodies |
| (g) Newton, Kelvin, Joule | (vii) Limiting Friction |

SECTION B

Choose any 4 questions out of 6 questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- Q4. (a)** Give reason why liquids and gases can flow freely.[2]

Q8. (a)



- (i) What can you conclude from the above experiment? (2)
- (ii) Out of the four types of force of friction, name the friction which is the **greatest** and which is the **least**? [2]
- (b) What is 'mean solar day' ? (2)
- (c) If the base of a triangle is 10 cm and its height is 12 cm, What is the area of the triangle ? (2)
- (d) Express :- 2 hours as seconds (2)

Q9. (a) What is the function of —

- (i) "KINK" in a clinical thermometer. (2)
- (ii) Stopwatch (2)
- (b) Draw and label the arrangement of molecules of the three states of matter. [3]
- (c) Arnav is sailing a boat with a force of 800N, while running water exerts a force of 480N Calculate the resulting force acting on the boat if it is going —
- (i) upstream (1½)
- (ii) downstream (1½)

(b) Solve numerically :

On sports day, class 6G and Class 6H participated in a game of tug of war. Class 6G stood towards east and class 6H stood towards west. Class 6H pulled the rope with a force of 16N and Class 6G pulled the rope with a force of 22N. In which direction did the rope get finally pulled ? Which class won and what was the net resultant force ? [1+1+2]

(c) Convert (i) 10,000 cm into m [2]
(ii) 10 Km² to m²

(d) What is matter ? [2]

Q5. (a) Fill in the blanks —

(i) $\frac{C}{100} = \frac{F - 32}{?}$ [1]

(ii) 10 milligram = ? microgram [1]

(iii) The three states of matter can be interchanged by changing the _____ and _____. [2]

(b) Give reason why the tyres of a car are made rough.[2]

(c) What are the units of —

(i) temperature

(ii) Amount of substance [2]

(d) State two methods to increase friction. [2]

Q6. (a) Name two factors on which the 'gravitational force between two objects' depend on. [2]

(b) Give reason why sand and gravel is spread on slippery ground during the rainy season. [2]

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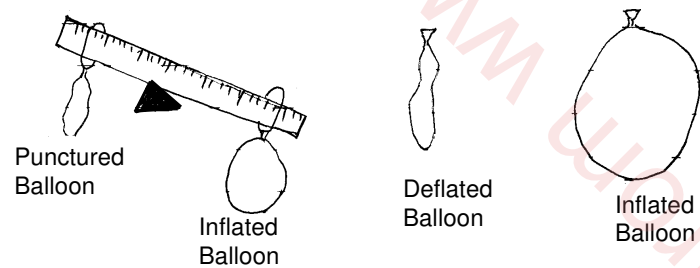
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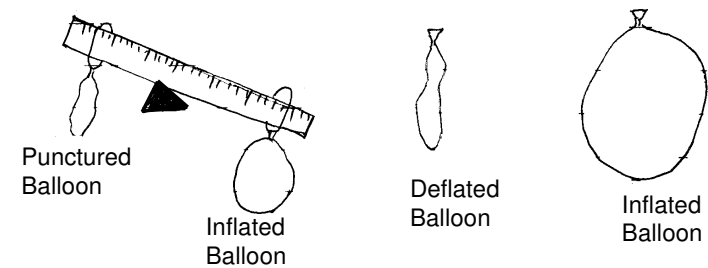
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- (i) What can you conclude from Experiment 1 ? (1)
 (ii) What can you conclude from Experiment 2 ? (1)
 (iii) Does Experiment 1 and Experiment 2 show that "Air is matter" ? Why ? [2]
- (b) Arun pushes a desk with a force of 80 N. Himanshu pushes the desk from the opposite direction with a force of 200 N.
- (i) What is the resultant force ? [2]
 (ii) Does the desk move towards Arun or towards Himanshu ? [1]
- (c) Give two reasons why a physical balance is kept in a glass case ? (2)
- (d) Name the force exerted by water to rotate a turbine to produce hydroelectricity. (1)

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