
ECONOMICS

(Two Hours)

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will **not** be allowed to write during the first **15** minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt **all** questions from **Section A** and **any four** questions from **Section B**.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

SECTION A (40 Marks)

Attempt **all** questions from this Section

Question 1

- (a) Give two reasons as to why the *division of labour* is an *advantage* to the producer? [2]
- (b) Define the term *consumer awareness*. [2]
- (c) Why do *small farmers suffer* during inflation? [2]
- (d) Which are the *two sources* of public revenue? [2]
- (e) Define the term *labour* as a factor of production. [2]

Question 2

- (a) Explain *any one factor* that *affects the supply of a commodity*. [2]
- (b) What do you *understand* by the term '*near money*'? [2]
- (c) A list of goods are given below. [2]

State whether it is *fixed capital* or *circulating capital*.

- (i) Machines
- (ii) Raw material
- (iii) Fuel
- (iv) Office furniture

This Paper consists of 3 printed pages and 1 blank page.

- (d) With the help of *an example* explain the term *productive debt*. [2]
- (e) Explain *any two* characteristics of capital. [2]

Question 3

- (a) How is land *different* from labour? [2]
- (b) Draw *a diagram* showing a perfectly elastic demand curve. [2]
- (c) With help of *an example* explain the term *complementary goods*. [2]
- (d) Name *any two sources of external debt* for India. [2]
- (e) *Differentiate* between *creeping* and *running* inflation. [2]

Question 4

- (a) Mention *two ways* by which *efficiency* of labour can be improved. [2]
- (b) What does the term '*nationalisation of banks*' mean? [2]
- (c) Why is India considered to be in a *virtual debt trap*? [2]
- (d) Give *any two* reasons for giving the *monopoly right of note issue* to the Central Bank. [2]
- (e) Mention *any two* duties of a consumer. [2]

SECTION B (40 Marks)

Attempt any four questions from this Section

Question 5

- (a) Give *any five* differences between *product* and *process* based division of labour. [5]
- (b) Explain *any five rights of the consumers* as accepted by the Indian law. [5]

Question 6

- (a) How do the manufacturers and traders *exploit the* consumers? [5]
- (b) Explain the role of *an entrepreneur* in the *economic development* of the country. [5]

Question 7

- (a) How is a commercial bank *different* from a central bank? [5]
- (b) What are *the merits* of an indirect tax? [5]

Question 8

- (a) With the *help of a graph explain relatively inelastic demand* for a commodity. [5]
- (b) Discuss *any five* advantages of having a bank account. [5]

Question 9

- (a) Explain *any five* characteristics of tax. [5]
- (b) (i) What is meant by the term *demand pull inflation*? [5]
- (ii) Discuss *any three causes* of demand pull inflation.

Question 10

- (a) (i) Define the term *demand*. [5]
- (ii) Explain *any three* factors that affect the demand for a commodity.
- (iii) Why are articles of distinction or the Veblen effect an exception to the law of demand?
- (b) Discuss *any five* reasons for growth of public expenditure in India. [5]