

ASSESSMENT I (2025-26)
GRADE -X
HISTORY & CIVICS, PAPER- I

Maximum Marks: 80

Time allowed: Two Hours

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

*You will **not** be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.*

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

*Attempt **all** question from **Part I** (Compulsory).*

*A total of **five** questions are to be attempted from Part II, **two** out of three questions from*

***Section A** and **three** out of five questions from **Section B**.*

The intended marks for questions are given in the brackets [].

PART I

*Attempt **all** questions from this part*

Question 1

[16]

Choose the correct answer:

(i) Which motion will be issued by the opposition in case of the picture given below ?



(a) Adjournment motion

(b) Censure motion

- (c) Vote of no confidence
- (d) Interpellation
- (ii) Mr Gurudev Vaishnav was appointed as a railway minister on 7 July 2021. Which of the following will be definitely true for Gurudev Vaishnav?
- (a) He is a Cabinet Minister
- (b) He is a Deputy Minister
- (c) He is a Minister of State
- (d) He is a Minister of state but holds an independent charge of his ministry
- (iii) The Triple Alliance consisted of
- (a) Italy, Germany, Austria
- (b) Austria, Russia, France
- (c) France, Britain, Russia
- (d) Russia, Germany, Britain
- (iv) The school has organised a programme on girl education. In the discussion, which of the following names would most likely feature?
- (a) Surendranath Banerjee
- (b) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- (d) Jyotiba Phule
- (v) Which of the following policies are not aligned with the ideology of Mussolini?
- (a) Prioritising military expansion
- (b) Promoting racist policy
- (c) Holding an anti-communist seminar
- (d) Holding democracy rallies
- (vi) Identify the officials who form the electorate for the vice presidential election in India.
- P: Elected members of the Lok Sabha
- Q: Elected members of the Rajya Sabha
- R: Members of the Rajya Sabha
- S: Elected members of the State Legislative Assemblies
- (a) P and Q
- (b) R and S
- (c) P and R
- (d) Q and S
- (vii) When was the Partition of Bengal announced?
- (a) 1901
- (b) 1903
- (c) 1905
- (d) 1907
- (viii) When was the Muslim League formed?
- (a) 17th March, 1905
- (b) 15th January, 1904

(c) 30th December, 1906

(d) 27th May, 1903

(ix) Amar Sonar Bangala was written by

(a) Bipin Chandra Pal

(b) Rabindranath Tagore

(c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

(d) Lala Lajpat Rai

(x) The government of the country has introduced a law similar to the Indian Arms Act. What will be the result of this Act on the citizens?

(a) They can be arrested without a warrant

(b) They cannot publish anything against the government.

(c) They cannot carry arms without a licence

(d) They can be punished without a trial.

(xi) Identify the ODD ONE out of the following objectives of the Muslim League:

(a) To promote among Muslims of India, support for the British

(b) To promote cultural and socio-economic cooperation among Muslims

(c) To protect and advance political rights and interests of the Muslims

(d) To present the needs and demands of the Muslims to the government

(xii) Who was the first President of the Indian National Congress

(a) Womesh Chandra Bonnerjee

(b) Badruddin Tyabji

(c) Dadabhai Naoroji

(d) Motilal Nehru

(xiii) The area in which Anand stays has had no water supply for three days in spite of repeated complaints. The residents have a meeting and discuss a few methods to resolve this problem. Being a follower of the beliefs and methods of the Early Nationalists, which of the following methods is Anand NOT LIKELY to approve?

(a) Peaceful Procession by the residents

(b) Follow the method of boycott

(c) Write a petition to the government

(d) Write an article in the newspaper highlighting the problems

(xiv) When does the Vice President take over as the President?

(a) After the death of the President

(b) Post resignation of the President

(c) After the removal of the President

(d) All the above situations

(xv) Whose resignation implies resignation of the cabinet?

(a) Prime Minister

(b) President

(c) Chief Justice of India

(d) Deputy Minister

(xvi) Country 'A' wants to gain independence and wants to use the methods similar to the ones used by the Indians Assertive Nationalists. Which of the following methods wouldn't fit ones to be used by Country 'A'?

(a) National Education

(b) Swadesi

(c) Prayer and petition

(d) Boycott

Question 2

[14]

Read the extract given below and answer the question which follows:

Congress member's adjournment motion disallowed. The notice, along with another moved demanding a discussion on China, was disallowed in the Lok Sabha.

The Times of India, Feb 10, 2023

- (i) Who can allow or disallow the above motion? What does this motion mean?
- (ii) Mention any two ways in which the Treaty of Versailles affected the German Military Force?
- (iii) Explain the term nationalism.
- (iv) Mention any two repressive policies of Lord Lytton.
- (v) State any two legislative power of the Cabinet.
- (vi) State any two objectives of Muslim League.
- (vii) Mention any two leaders of the Assertive Nationalists.

PART II (50 Marks)

Section A (Civics)

Attempt any two questions from this Section.

Question 3

The Union Legislative of India is not only the law-making body, but the centre of all democratic political process. With reference to the Parliament, answer the following questions:

(i) The Lok Sabha is more powerful than the Rajya Sabha. Justify this by mentioning any three points

[3]

(ii) *Rajya Sabha adjourned sine die, overall productively at 79 percent.*

- Who can adjourn the above session? Explain the composition of this House. [3]
- (iii) Mention any four Legislative powers of the Union Parliament. [4]

Question 4

The President of India is the constitutional head of the Indian republic. In this context, explain the following:

- (a) How is the President elected? [3]
- (b) Mention the three types of emergencies that the President is empowered to proclaim. [3]
- (c) Mention any four reasons for indirect election of the President [4]

Question 5

The Prime Minister and his Council of Ministers have the real power in a parliamentary democracy, With reference to this, answer the following questions:

- (a) Who appoints the Prime Minister and his Council of Ministers? Whom are the ministers collectively responsible to? Who are they individually responsible to? [3]
- (b) Mention any three Functions of the Prime Minister with reference to the Cabinet. [3]
- (c) Mention any two administrative functions and two financial functions of the Cabinet. [4]

Section B (History)

Attempt any three questions from this Section.

Question 6

“The Indian Nationalists described the Great Uprising of 1857 as the First War of Independence”. With reference to this, answer the following questions:

- (a) Mention any three policies used by the British to expand their political power in India. [3]
- (b) The Revolt of 1857 is also known as the Sepoy Mutiny. Mention any three military causes which led to the uprising. [3]
- (c) Mention any four economic causes of the Revolt. [4]

Question 7

The reasons for the formation of the Muslim League were many. In this context explain:

- (a) Any three factors that led to the formation of the Muslim League in India. [3]
- (b) The role of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in the formation of Muslim League. [3]
- (c) What were the aims and objectives of the Muslim League? [4]

Question 8

The establishment of the Indian National Congress led to the development of the national movement in India. In this context, answer the following questions:

- (a) When was the Indian National Congress established? Who presided over the first session and where? [3]
- (b) What were the three aims of the Congress? [3]
- (c) Mention four constitutional methods adopted by the Early Nationalists. [4]

Question 9

The World Wars marked a turning point in the history of the world . With reference to this period, answer the following questions:

- (a) Mention any three similarities between the ideologies of Fascism and Nazism. [3]
- (b) State the three consequences of the Second World War. [3]
- (c) Mention any four causes of the Second World War. [4]

Question 10

Look at the image and answer the following question:



- (a) Mention three clauses of the Treaty of Versailles [3]
- (b) Explain three causes which led to the world war in 1914. [3]
- (c) Explain the immediate cause which led to the outbreak of the second world war. [4]

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